The Manager of MPACT is responsible for the strategic direction and management of the assets and liabilities of MPACT as well as its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"). As a REIT manager, the Manager is licensed by the MAS and holds a Capital Markets Services Licence for REIT management ("CMS Licence").

The Manager discharges its responsibility for the benefit of MPACT and Unitholders, in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations as well as the trust deed constituting MPACT (as amended) (the "Trust Deed").¹ To this end, the Manager sets the strategic direction of the Group and gives recommendations to DBS Trustee Limited, in its capacity as trustee of MPACT (the "Trustee"), on the acquisition, divestment and enhancement of assets of the Group.

The Manager's roles and responsibilities include:

- carrying on the Group's business to generate returns in a sustainable manner and conducting all transactions on normal commercial terms and on an arm's length basis;
- preparing annual budget proposals with forecast on gross revenue, property expenditure, capital expenditure and providing explanations on major variances against prior year's actual results and written commentaries on key issues and any other relevant assumptions. The purpose of such proposals and analyses is to chart the Group's business for the year ahead and to explain

- the performance of MPACT's properties compared to the prior year; and
- ensuring compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including the Securities and Futures Act 2001, the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST, the Code on Collective Investment Schemes ("CIS Code") issued by the MAS (including Appendix 6 of the CIS Code, the "Property Funds Appendix"), the Singapore Code on Takeovers and Mergers, the Trust Deed, written directions, notices, codes and other guidelines that the MAS and other regulators may issue from time to time and any tax rulings.

MPACT is externally managed by the Manager. The Manager appoints experienced and well-qualified personnel to run their day-to-day operations.

The Manager was appointed in accordance with the terms of the Trust Deed. The Trust Deed outlines certain circumstances under which the Manager can be removed, including by notice in writing given by the Trustee upon the occurrence of certain events, or by resolution passed by a simple majority of Unitholders present and voting (with no Unitholders disenfranchised) at a meeting of Unitholders duly convened and held in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed.

The Manager is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MIPL, which has a significant unitholding in MPACT. MIPL is a leading global real estate development, investment, capital

and property management company headquartered in Singapore and its significant unitholding in MPACT demonstrates its commitment to the long-term performance of MPACT and alignment of interest with other Unitholders.

The Manager's association with its Sponsor, MIPL, provides the following benefits, among other things, to MPACT:

- (a) Leverage on the Sponsor's established global network and proven track record in REIT and real estate development, investment and capital management;
- (b) Strategic acquisition pipeline of property assets from its Sponsor;
- (c) Wider and better access to banking and capital markets;
- (d) Fund raising and treasury support; and
- (e) Access to a bench of experienced and professional management team.

The Manager is committed to complying with the substance and spirit of the Code of Corporate Governance 2018 (the "Code"). The following describes the main corporate governance policies and practices of the Manager with reference to the Code and, where there are deviations from any of the provisions of the Code, explanations for such deviations are provided in this report including an explanation on how the practices adopted are consistent with the intent of the principles of the Code.

¹ A copy of the Trust Deed will be available for inspection, by prior appointment at the registered office of the Manager, in accordance with the relevant laws, regulations and guidelines.

(A) BOARD MATTERS

The Board's Conduct of Affairs Principle 1: Effective Board

Our Policy and Practices

The Manager adopts the principle that the Board of Directors (the "Board") is collectively responsible for the long-term success of MPACT and an effective Board for the Manager is one constituted with the right core competencies and diversity of experience, so that the collective wisdom of the Board can give guidance and provide insights as well as strategic thinking to the management team of the Manager (the "Management").

The key roles of the Board are to:

- guide the corporate strategy and direction of the Manager;
- ensure that the Management discharges business leadership and demonstrates the highest quality of management with integrity and enterprise; and
- oversee the proper conduct of the Manager.

In discharging their roles and responsibilities, all Directors of the Board are expected to act and have acted in the best interests of MPACT.

The positions of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") are held by two separate persons in order to maintain effective oversight. The Board has also established the Audit and Risk Committee (the "AC") and the Nominating and Remuneration Committee (the "NRC"), each of which operates under delegated authority from the Board, to assist the Board in discharging its oversight function.

As at 31 March 2024, the Board comprised 14 directors (the "Directors"), of whom 13 were Non-Executive Directors and 10 were Independent Directors. The following sets out the composition of the Board:

- Mr Samuel Tsien, Non-Executive Chairman and Director;
- Ms Tan Su Shan, Lead Independent Non-Executive Director and Chairperson of the NRC;
- Mr Premod Thomas, Independent Non-Executive Director and Chairman of the AC;¹
- Mr Chua Kim Chiu, Independent Non-Executive Director and Member of the AC;
- Mr Lawrence Wong, Independent Non-Executive Director and Member of the AC;
- Mr Wu Long Peng, Independent Non-Executive Director and Member of the AC;²
- Ms Lilian Chiang, Independent Non-Executive Director and Member of the NRC;
- Mr Kan Shik Lum, Independent Non-Executive Director and Member of the NRC;
- Mr Pascal Lambert; Independent Non-Executive Director;
- Mr Mak Keat Meng, Independent Non-Executive Director;³
- Mr Alvin Tay, Independent Non-Executive Director;

- Mr Chua Tiow Chye; Non-Executive Director and Member of the NRC;
- Ms Wendy Koh, Non-Executive Director; and
- Ms Sharon Lim, Executive Director and CEO.

The Board comprises business leaders and distinguished professionals with banking, legal, real estate, strategic planning, management and accounting experience.

The diverse professional backgrounds of the Directors enable the Management to benefit from their external, varied and objective perspectives on issues brought before the Board for discussion and deliberation. The profiles of the Directors are set out in pages 22 to 27 of this Annual Report. The Board is of the view that the present principal directorships included in their individual profiles are sufficient to inform Unitholders of their principal commitments. The Board meets regularly, at least once every quarter, to review the business performance and outlook of the Group and deliberate on business strategy, including any significant acquisitions, disposals, fund-raisings and development projects undertaken by the Group. When exigencies prevent a Director from attending a Board or Board committee meeting in person, such Director can participate by audio or video conference.

¹ Mr Premod Thomas has retired as an Independent Non-Executive Director and Chairman of the AC on 14 June 2024. With the retirement of Mr Premod Thomas, the Board comprises 13 Directors, of whom 12 are Non-Executive Directors and nine are Independent Directors.

Mr Wu Long Peng has been appointed as the Chairman of the AC with effect from 15 June 2024.

³ Mr Mak Keat Meng has been appointed as a Member of the AC with effect from 15 June 2024.

The meeting attendance of the Board, the AC and the NRC for FY23/24 is as follows:

		Board	AC	NRC	AGM ¹
Number of meetings held in FY23/24		5	5	1	1
Board Members	Membership				
Mr Samuel Tsien (Appointed as Director on 5 July 2022 and redesignated as Non-Executive Chairman on 3 August 2022) (Last reappointment on 30 September 2022)	Non-Executive Chairman and Director	5	N.A. ²	N.A. ²	1
Ms Tan Su Shan (Appointed on 3 August 2022) (Last reappointment on 30 September 2022)	Lead Independent Non-Executive Director and Chairperson of the NRC	4	N.A. ²	1	1
Mr Premod Thomas (Appointed on 15 June 2015) (Last reappointment on 30 September 2022) (Retired on 14 June 2024)	Independent Non-Executive Director and Chairman of the AC	5	5	N.A. ²	1
Mr Chua Kim Chiu (Appointed on 3 August 2022) (Last reappointment on 18 September 2023)	Independent Non-Executive Director and Member of the AC	5	5	N.A. ²	1
Mr Lawrence Wong (Appointed on 3 August 2022) (Last reappointment on 30 September 2022)	Independent Non-Executive Director and Member of the AC	5	5	N.A. ²	1
Mr Wu Long Peng (Appointed on 15 December 2018) (Last reappointment on 18 September 2023)	Independent Non-Executive Director and Member of the AC (Appointed as the Chairman of the AC with effect from 15 June 2024)	5	5	N.A. ²	1
Ms Lilian Chiang (Appointed on 3 August 2022) (Last reappointment on 30 September 2022)	Independent Non-Executive Director and Member of the NRC	5	N.A. ²	1	1
Mr Kan Shik Lum (Appointed on 1 December 2015) (Last reappointment on 18 September 2023)	Independent Non-Executive Director and Member of the NRC	5	N.A. ²	1	1
Mr Pascal Lambert (Appointed on 3 August 2022) (Last reappointment on 30 September 2022)	Independent Non-Executive Director	5	N.A. ²	N.A. ²	1
Mr Mak Keat Meng (Appointed on 15 December 2019) (Last reappointment on 30 September 2022)	Independent Non-Executive Director (Appointed as a Member of the AC with effect from 15 June 2024)	5	N.A. ²	N.A. ²	1
Mr Alvin Tay (Appointed on 15 December 2018) (Last reappointment on 18 September 2023)	Independent Non-Executive Director	5	N.A. ²	N.A. ²	1
Mr Chua Tiow Chye (Appointed on 3 August 2022) (Last reappointment on 30 September 2022)	Non-Executive Director and Member of the NRC	5	N.A. ²	1	1
Ms Wendy Koh (Appointed on 15 December 2019) (Last reappointment on 18 September 2023)	Non-Executive Director	5	5 ³	N.A. ²	1
Ms Sharon Lim (Appointed on 1 August 2015) (Last reappointment on 30 September 2022)	Executive Director and CEO	5	5 ³	1 ³	1

- Notes:

 Held on 28 July 2023.

 N.A. means not applicable.

 Attendance was by invitation.

Overview

Performance

Sustainability

Governance

The Board has also approved a set of delegations of authority which sets out approval limits for investments and divestments, development, operational and capital expenditures and treasury activities to be undertaken by the Group. Approval sub-limits are also provided at various management levels to facilitate operational efficiency as well as provide a system of checks and balances.

The Board has prescribed certain limits on transactions to be undertaken by the Group, above which approval from the Board is required. The Board's approval is required for material transactions undertaken by the Group. Such material transactions are also included in the set of delegations of authority which has been clearly communicated to Management in writing. These include:

- equity fund-raising;
- acquisition, disposal and development of properties above Board-prescribed limits;
- overall project budget variance and ad hoc development budget above Board-prescribed limits;
- debt fund-raising above Boardprescribed limits; and
- derivative contracts above Boardprescribed limits.

The Board recognises that the Directors are fiduciaries who are obliged at all times to act objectively in the best interests of MPACT and hold the Management accountable for performance. In line with this, the Board has a standing policy that a Director must not allow himself or herself to get into a position where there is a conflict between his or her duty to MPACT and his or her own interests. The Manager has a policy which provides that where a Director has a conflict of interest in a particular matter, he or she will be required to disclose his or her interest to the Board, recuse himself or herself

from deliberations on the matter and abstain from voting on the matter. Every Director has complied with this policy, and where relevant, such compliance has been duly recorded in the minutes of meeting or written resolutions.

The Manager has in place an internal code on general conduct and discipline which sets out the framework and guidelines on ethical values such as honesty and responsibility as well as the appropriate conduct expected of the Management and employees. The Board sets the appropriate tone from the top in respect of the desired organisational culture and ensure proper accountability within the Manager.

Each Director is given a formal letter of appointment setting out his or her duties and obligations under the relevant laws and regulations governing the Manager and the Group. The Manager also has in place an orientation programme to brief new Directors on the Group's business, strategic direction, risk management policies, the regulatory environment in which the Group operates and the governance practices of the Group and the Manager, including in areas such as accounting, legal and industry-specific knowledge as appropriate. The Board is updated on any material change to relevant laws, regulations and accounting standards by way of briefings from professionals or updates issued by Management.

Taking into account the increasingly demanding and complex role of a Director amidst an evolving global and business environment, the Board recognises the need for Directors to undergo regular training and development so as to equip them to discharge their duties and responsibilities as Directors to the best of their abilities. The NRC also assists the Board in reviewing

and recommending training and professional development programs for the Board.

Directors are provided with opportunities and encouraged to participate in industry conferences, seminars and training programmes that are relevant to their duties, which may include those organised by the Singapore Institute of Directors on corporate governance, leadership, sustainability, and industry-related subjects.

Where a newly appointed Director has no prior experience as a director of an issuer listed on SGX-ST and/or a director of a REIT manager, such Director will undergo the mandatory training as prescribed by SGX-ST. All Directors have undergone training on sustainability matters as prescribed under the Listing Manual in the previous financial year.

The Management is required to provide adequate and timely information to the Board, which includes matters requiring the Board's decision, as well as ongoing reports relating to the operational and financial performance of the Group. The Management is also required to furnish any additional information requested by the Board in a timely manner in order for the Board to make informed decisions.

The Directors have separate and independent access to Management and the Company Secretary.

The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary is subject to the approval of the Board.

The Company Secretary attends to the administration of corporate secretarial matters and advises the Board on governance matters. The Company Secretary also attends all Board and Board committee meetings and provides assistance to the Chairman in ensuring adherence to Board procedures.

The Board takes independent professional advice as and when necessary, at the Manager's expense, to enable it and/or the Independent Directors to discharge their responsibilities effectively. The AC meets the external and internal auditors separately at least once a year, without the presence of the Management.

Board Composition and Guidance

Principle 2: Appropriate level of independence and diversity of thought

Our Policy and Practices

The Board reviews from time to time the size and composition of the Board and each Board committee, to ensure that the size of the Board and each Board committee is appropriate in facilitating effective decision-making.

The Manager adopts the principle that a board composition with a strong and independent element as well as diversity of thought and background will allow the Directors to engage in robust deliberations with Management and provide external, diverse and objective insights on issues brought before the Board for discussion and deliberation. Each Director is appointed on the strength of his or her business and industry experience, skills and functional and domain expertise to give proper guidance to the Management on the business of the Group. In addition, the Board considers other aspects of diversity including age, gender, cultural ethnicity and international experience of its members to ensure a balanced and effective composition of the Board.

Towards this end, the Board had in 2022 adopted a Board Diversity Policy which takes into account the abovementioned aspects of diversity and outlines its commitment and approach towards achieving an effective and diverse Board. The NRC will review the policy from time to time and will recommend changes to the Board for approval, if necessary, to ensure that the policy remains effective and relevant and to achieve greater diversity. Among the various aspects of diversity, gender diversity is an important aspect and the Board recognises this. Therefore, the Board is committed to achieving a target of at least 25% female representation on the Board by 2025, and 30% by 2030. As of 31 March 2024, the Board has achieved its target of at least 25% female representation on the Board as there are four female Directors out of a total of 14 Directors on the Board.

The Non-Executive Directors will also conduct periodic review of the investment mandate as well as the strategic focus of MPACT with Management. Further, such a board composition, and the separation of the roles of the Chairman and the CEO, provide oversight to ensure that Management discharges its roles and responsibilities effectively and with integrity.

The Board is of the opinion that its current size is appropriate with an appropriate balance and diversity of skills, experience and knowledge, taking into account the targets and objectives of the Board Diversity Policy and the scope and nature of operations of the Manager and MPACT, for effective decision-making and constructive debate. The Board comprises Directors who collectively have the core competencies, such as accounting or finance, business or management experience, industry knowledge, strategic planning experience and customer-based experience or knowledge, required for the Board to be effective in all aspects of its roles.

The Board assesses the independence of each Director in accordance with the requirements of the Code and Regulations 13D to 13H of the Securities and Futures (Licensing and Conduct of Business) Regulations ("SFLCB Regulations"). A Director is considered to be independent if he or she (i) is independent in conduct, character and judgement and:

- (a) has no relationship with the Manager, its related corporations, its substantial shareholders, MPACT's substantial unitholders (being unitholders who have interests in voting units with 5% or more of the total votes attached to all voting units) or the Manager's officers that could interfere, or be reasonably perceived to interfere, with the exercise of his or her independent business judgement in the best interests of MPACT;
- (b) is independent from the management and any business relationship with the Manager and MPACT, every substantial shareholder of the Manager and every substantial unitholder of MPACT;
- (c) is not a substantial shareholder of the Manager or a substantial unitholder of MPACT;
- (d) is not employed and has not been employed by the Manager or MPACT or their related corporations in the current or any of the past three financial years;
- (e) does not have an immediate family member who is employed or has been employed by the Manager or MPACT or their related corporations in the current or any of the past three financial

years and whose remuneration is or was determined by the Board and/or NRC; and

(f) has not served on the Board for a continuous period of nine years or longer.

For FY23/24, each of the Independent Directors had carried

out an assessment on whether there were any relationships or circumstances which may impact his or her independent status. Accordingly, each of the Independent Directors had either made a negative declaration or disclosed such relationships or circumstances as applicable. The declarations or disclosures made by each Independent Director had been reviewed by the NRC.

The Board of the Manager, after considering the relevant requirements under the SFLCB Regulations, specifically Regulation 13E(b)(i) of the SFLCB Regulations and the Code, wishes to set out its views in respect of each of the Directors as follows:

Name of Director	(i) had been independent from the management of the Manager and MPACT during FY23/24	(ii) had been independent from any business relationship with the Manager and MPACT during FY23/24	(iii) had been independent from every substantial shareholder of the Manager and every substantial unitholder of MPACT during FY23/24	(iv) had not been a substantial shareholder of the Manager or a substantial unitholder of MPACT during FY23/24	(v) has not served as a director of the Manager for a continuous period of 9 years or longer as at the last day of FY23/24
Mr Samuel Tsien ^{1,10}	✓			✓	✓
Ms Tan Su Shan ^{2,10}	✓			✓	✓
Mr Premod Thomas ^{3,10}	✓			✓	✓
Mr Chua Kim Chiu ^{4,10}	✓		✓	✓	✓
Mr Wu Long Peng	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr Kan Shik Lum ^{5,10}	✓			✓	✓
Ms Lilian Chiang ^{6,10}	✓		✓	✓	✓
Mr Alvin Tay	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr Lawrence Wong	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr Mak Keat Meng	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr Pascal Lambert	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mr Chua Tiow Chye ^{7,10}				✓	✓
Ms Wendy Koh ^{8,10}				✓	✓
Ms Sharon Lim ^{9,10}				✓	✓

Notes:

¹ Mr Samuel Tsien is a Director and a member of the Investment Committee of the Sponsor which wholly-owns the Manager and is a substantial unitholder of MPACT. He was also the Group Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director of the Board of Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited ("OCBC") from 15 April 2012 until 14 April 2021, and subsequently Adviser to the Board of OCBC until April 2022. The amounts paid or incurred by MPACT to OCBC in FY23/24 for banking services exceeded \$\$200,000. Under the Code's Practice Guidance 2(b), a director may be considered as not independent if he or she is, among others, an executive officer of an organisation to which a company or any of its subsidiaries made, or from which the company or any of its subsidiaries received, significant payments or material services in the current or immediate past financial year. As a guide, payments aggregated over any financial year in excess of \$\$200,000 should generally be deemed significant.

Pursuant to the SFLCB Regulations, during FY23/24, Mr Tsien is deemed not to be (a) independent from any business relationship with the Manager and MPACT; and (b) independent from every substantial shareholder of the Manager and every substantial unitholder of MPACT, by virtue of his directorship on the Sponsor and previous appointment at OCBC. The Board is satisfied that, as at 31 March 2024, Mr Tsien was able to act in the best interests of all Unitholders of MPACT as a whole.

² Ms Tan Su Shan is currently the Group Head of Institutional Banking of DBS Bank Ltd, a related corporation of Temasek. The amounts paid or incurred by MPACT to DBS Bank Ltd in FY23/24 for trustee fees and banking services fees, including financial advisory fees, exceeded \$\$200,000. In addition, the amounts received as rental by MPACT from DBS Group in FY23/24 for leases of MPACT's premises exceeded \$\$200,000. Under the Code's Practice Guidance 2(b), a director may be considered as not independent if he or she is, among others, an executive officer of an organisation to which a company or any of its subsidiaries made, or from which the company or any of its subsidiaries received, significant payments or material services in the current or immediate past financial year. As a guide, payments aggregated over any financial year in excess of \$\$200,000 should generally be deemed significant.

Pursuant to the SFLCB Regulations, during FY23/24, Ms Tan is deemed not to be (a) independent from a business relationship with the Manager and MPACT, by virtue of the payments made to the Trustee and DBS Bank Ltd by MPACT and the payments received by MPACT from DBS Group; and (b) independent from every substantial shareholder of the Manager and substantial unitholder of MPACT by virtue of her employment with

DBS Bank Ltd. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board takes the view that Ms Tan's Independent Director status is not affected as (a) the trustee arrangement was entered into before Ms Tan was appointed as a Director of the Manager; (b) the fees, rental and other charges were agreed on an arm's length basis and on normal commercial terms; and (c) she serves on the Manager's Board in her personal capacity and not as a representative or nominee of Temasek and neither is she under any employment relationship with Temasek. She is not under any obligation to act in accordance with the directions, instructions or wishes of Temasek. The Board is satisfied that, as at 31 March 2024, Ms Tan was able to act in the best interests of all Unitholders of MPACT as a whole.

3 Mr Premod Thomas is the Independent Director of Gemstone Asset Holdings Pte. Ltd., which is a related corporation of both the Manager and the Sponsor. He was also the Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director of Bayfront Infrastructure Management Pte. Ltd. ("Bayfront") and the Executive Director of BIM Asset Management Pte. Ltd. ("BIM") and Bayfront Instructure Capital II Pte. Ltd. ("Bayfront Capital"), both of which are subsidiaries of Bayfront, until his retirement on 1 April 2023. Bayfront, BIM and Bayfront Capital are companies in which Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited ("Temasek"), a related corporation and a substantial shareholder of the Manager (through the Sponsor) and a substantial unitholder of MPACT, has an effective interest of more than 20%.

Pursuant to the SFLCB Regulations, during FY23/24, Mr Thomas is deemed not to be (a) independent from a business relationship with the Manager and MPACT; and (b) independent from every substantial shareholder of the Manager and every substantial unitholder of MPACT by virtue of his directorship in Gemstone Asset Holdings Pte. Ltd., his employment with Bayfront and directorships in BIM and Bayfront Capital.

However, in the abovementioned capacities, Mr Thomas is not under an obligation to act in accordance with the directions, instructions or wishes of the Sponsor or Temasek (as the case may be) and therefore, the Board, in consultation with the NRC, takes the view that his Independent Director status is not compromised.

The Board is satisfied that, as at 31 March 2024, Mr Thomas is able to act in the best interests of all Unitholders of MPACT as a whole.

4 Mr Chua Kim Chiu is currently a Non-Executive and Independent Director of the Board of Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited ("OCBC").

The amounts paid or incurred by MPACT to OCBC in FY23/24 for banking services exceeded \$\$200,000. Under the Code's Practice Guidance 2(b), a director may be considered as not independent if he or she is, among others, an executive officer of an organisation to which a company or any of its subsidiaries made, or from which the company or any of its subsidiaries received, significant payments or material services in the current or immediate past financial year. As a guide, payments aggregated over any financial year in excess of \$\$200,000 should generally be deemed significant.

Pursuant to the SFLCB Regulations, during FY23/24, Mr Chua is deemed not to be independent from any business relationship with the Manager and MPACT by virtue of his appointment at OCBC. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board takes the view that Mr Chua's Independent Director status is not affected as the fees were agreed on an arm's length basis and on normal commercial terms and that he serves on the Manager's Board in his personal capacity and not as a representative or nominee of OCBC. The Board is satisfied that, as at 31 March 2024, Mr Chua was able to act in the best interests of all Unitholders of MPACT as a whole.

5 Mr Kan Shik Lum is the Independent Director of Astrea V Pte. Ltd and Astrea 7 Pte. Ltd. and was the Independent Director of Astrea IV Pte. Ltd. until 14 December 2023. All of the abovementioned entities are related corporations of Temasek. Temasek is a related corporation and a substantial shareholder of the Manager (through the Sponsor) and a substantial unitholder of MPACT.

Pursuant to the SFLCB Regulations, during FY23/24, Mr Kan is deemed not to be (a) independent from a business relationship with the Manager and MPACT; and (b) independent from every substantial shareholder of the Manager and every substantial unitholder of MPACT by virtue of his directorships in the abovementioned related corporations of Temasek.

However, in the abovementioned capacities, Mr Kan is not under an obligation to act in accordance with the directions, instructions or wishes of Temasek and therefore, the Board takes the view that Mr Kan's Independent Director status is not affected.

The Board is satisfied that, as at 31 March 2024, Mr Kan is able to act in the best interests of all Unitholders of MPACT as a whole.

6 Ms Lilian Chiang is a Senior Partner of Deacons, one of the leading law firms in Hong Kong.

Pursuant to the SFLCB Regulations, during FY23/24, Ms Chiang is deemed not to be independent from a business relationship with the Manager and MPACT, by virtue of the payments made by MPACT to Deacons for legal services provided by Deacons to MPACT. The payments made for such legal services do not exceed \$\$200,000 in total.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board takes the view that Ms Chiang's Independent Director status is not affected as (a) she serves on the Board in her personal capacity and not as a representative of Deacons; (b) she has no involvement in the engagement of Deacons to provide legal services; and (c) the legal services have been provided on an arm's length basis and on normal commercial terms. The Board is satisfied that, as at 31 March 2024, Ms Chiang was able to act in the best interests of all Unitholders of MPACT as a whole.

7 Mr Chua Tiow Chye is currently the Deputy Group Chief Executive Officer of the Sponsor which wholly-owns the Manager and is a substantial unitholder of MPACT. Mr Chua is also a Non-Executive Director of Mapletree Industrial Trust Management Ltd. (the manager of Mapletree Industrial Trust) which is a related corporation of the Sponsor.

Pursuant to the SFLCB Regulations, during FY23/24, Mr Chua is deemed not to be (a) independent from a management relationship with the Manager and MPACT by virtue of his employment with the Sponsor; (b) independent from any business relationship with the Manager and MPACT as the Sponsor had received payments from the Manager and/or the trustee of MPACT during FY23/24; and (c) independent from every substantial shareholder of the Manager and substantial unitholder of MPACT by virtue of his employment with the Sponsor and his directorship in the abovementioned related corporation of the Sponsor. The Board is satisfied that, as at 31 March 2024, Mr Chua was able to act in the best interests of all Unitholders of MPACT as a whole

8 Ms Wendy Koh is currently the Group Chief Financial Officer of the Sponsor, which is a substantial shareholder of the Manager and a substantial unitholder of MPACT. She is also a Non-Executive Director of Mapletree Logistics Trust Management Ltd. (the manager of Mapletree Logistics Trust) and Mapletree Industrial Trust Management Ltd. (the manager of Mapletree Industrial Trust), both of which are related corporations of the Sponsor.

Pursuant to the SFLCB Regulations, during FY23/24, Ms Koh is deemed not to be (a) independent from the management of the Manager and MPACT by virtue of her employment with the Sponsor; (b) independent from any business relationship with the Manager and MPACT by virtue of the payments which the Sponsor had made to and/or received from the Manager and/or the trustee of MPACT during FY23/24; and (c) independent from every substantial shareholder of the Manager and every substantial unitholder of MPACT by virtue of her employment with the Sponsor and her directorships in the abovementioned related corporations of the Sponsor. Nonetheless, the Board is satisfied that, as at 31 March 2024, Ms Koh was able to act in the best interests of all Unitholders of MPACT as a whole.

9 Ms Sharon Lim is currently the Executive Director and CEO of the Manager, which is a related corporation of the Sponsor.

Pursuant to the SFLCB Regulations, during FY23/24, Ms Lim is deemed not to be (a) independent from the management of the Manager and MPACT by virtue of her employment with the Manager; (b) independent from any business relationship with the Manager and MPACT by virtue of the payments which the Manager had made to the Sponsor and/or received from the trustee of MPACT during FY23/24; and (c) independent from every substantial shareholder of the Manager and every substantial unitholder of MPACT by virtue of her employment with and directorship in the Manager which is a related corporation of the Sponsor. Nonetheless, the Board is satisfied that, as at 31 March 2024, Ms Lim was able to act in the best interests of all Unitholders of MPACT as a whole.

10 For the purposes of Regulation 13E(b)(ii) of the SFLCB Regulations, as at 31 March 2024, each of the abovementioned Directors were able to act in the best interests of all the Unitholders of MPACT as a whole.

Based on a review of the relationships between the Directors and the Group in accordance with the requirements of the Code and the SFLCB Regulations and declarations of independence by the Independent Directors, the Board considers the following ten Directors to be independent as at 31 March 2024:

- Ms Tan Su Shan;
- Mr Premod Thomas;
- Mr Chua Kim Chiu;
- Mr Lawrence Wong;
- Mr Wu Long Peng;
- Ms Lilian Chiang;
- Mr Kan Shik Lum;Mr Pascal Lambert;
- Mr Mak Keat Meng; and
- Mr Alvin Tay.

In view of the above, during FY23/24, more than half of the Board comprises Independent Directors and there are 13 Non-Executive Directors which make up a majority of the Board.

Chairman and CEO

Principle 3: Clear division of responsibilities

Our Policy and Practices

The Board and the Manager adopt the principle of clear separation of the roles and division of responsibilities between the Chairman of the Board and the CEO of the Manager (which has been set out in writing) and that

no one individual has unfettered powers of decision-making. The Chairman and the CEO are not related to each other so as to maintain an appropriate balance of power, increased accountability and greater capacity of the Board for independent decision-making.

The Chairman is a Non-Executive Director who is responsible for the overall management of the Board as well as ensuring that the Directors and Management work together with integrity and competency, and he guides the Board in constructive debates on the Group's strategic direction, management of its assets and governance matters.

The CEO is responsible for the running of the Manager's business operations. She has full executive responsibilities over the business and operational decisions of the Group. The CEO is also responsible for ensuring the Group's compliance with the applicable laws and regulations in its day-to-day operations.

As the Chairman is not an independent director, in accordance with Provision 3.3 of the Code, Ms Tan Su Shan has been appointed as the Lead Independent Director of the Manager. The principal responsibilities of the Lead Independent Director are to act as Chairperson of the Board when matters concerning the Chairman are to be considered,

and to be available to the Board and Unitholders for communication of Unitholders' concerns when other channels of communication through the Chairman or CEO are inappropriate, as well as for leading all deliberations on feedback regarding performance of the CEO and any interested party transactions. Ms Tan also has the discretion to hold meetings with the other Independent Directors without the presence of Management as she deems appropriate or necessary and to provide feedback to the Chairman after such meetings.

Board Membership

Principle 4: Formal and transparent process for appointments

Our Policy and Practices

The Manager adopts the principle that Board renewal is a necessary and ongoing process to ensure good governance and to remain relevant to the evolving needs of the Manager and the Group's business.

The Board established the NRC in January 2016 and it comprises four Directors, being Ms Tan Su Shan, Mr Kan Shik Lum, Ms Lilian Chiang and Mr Chua Tiow Chye, all of whom are non-executive and the majority of whom (including the Chairperson) are independent. Ms Tan Su Shan is the Chairperson of the NRC and also the Lead Independent Non-Executive Director of the Manager.

The NRC has written terms of reference setting out its scope and authority in performing the functions of a nominating committee, which include assisting the Board in matters relating to:

- the appointment and re-appointment of the Board and committee members;
- the appointment of the Executive Director and CEO and the framework for the appointment of key management personnel of the Manager, as well as the succession plan and framework for the Executive Director, CEO and key management personnel of the Manager;
- the process and criteria for evaluating the performance of the Board, the Board committees and the Directors;
- the training and professional development programmes for the Board; and
- the determination, on an annual basis and as and when circumstances require, of the independent status of a Director, bearing in mind the relevant principles and provisions of the Code and the SFLCB Regulations, as well as any other applicable regulations and guidelines and salient factors.

Guided by its terms of reference, the NRC assists the Board to oversee the development and succession planning for the CEO. This includes overseeing the process for selection of the CEO and conducting an annual performance review and succession matters for the CEO.

In addition to the above, the NRC reviews and approves the framework for the succession plan relating to the key management personnel of the Manager and makes its recommendations to the Board regarding the appointment and/or replacement of the key management personnel.

Board Composition and Renewal

The composition of the Board is determined based on the following principles:

- the Chairman of the Board should be a non-executive director of the Manager;
- the Board should comprise directors with a broad range of commercial experience including expertise in fund management, law, finance, audit, accounting and real estate:
- independent directors make up a majority of the Board if the Chairman is not an independent director; and
- non-executive directors make up a majority of the Board.

The Board adheres to the principle of progressive renewal to maintain good governance and seeks to ensure its composition provides for appropriate level of skills, expertise and experience, as well as independence, diversity of thought and background which are relevant to the evolving needs of MPACT's business.

In identifying suitable candidates for appointment to the Board, the Board prioritises the needs of the Group and takes into account the industry and business experience, skills, expertise and background of the candidates. These may include skillsets and experience in core competencies of accounting, finance, sustainability, legal, strategic planning as well as business and management. In addition, the Board gives due regard to the requirements in the Listing Manual and the Code, as well as factors in the Board Diversity Policy. The Board also considers the candidate's ability to commit sufficient time to the affairs of the Group so as to diligently fulfil the director's duties. Searches for possible candidates are conducted through contacts and recommendations. The Board also has the option to engage

external consultants if necessary to assist the Board in identifying suitable candidates.

The NRC makes recommendations of nominations and/or re-nominations of directors on the Board and Board committees to the Board for approval. As a principle of good corporate governance, all Board members are required to submit themselves for re-nomination and re-election at regular intervals during the annual general meeting of the Manager.

As at least half of the Board comprises Independent Directors, the Manager will not be voluntarily subjecting any appointment or reappointment of directors to voting by Unitholders. The NRC also determines annually, and as and when circumstances require, if a director is independent, having regard to the circumstances set forth in Provision 2.1 of the Code. Directors disclose to the Board their relationships with the Manager, its related corporations, its substantial shareholders, MPACT's substantial Unitholders or the Manager's officers, if any, which may affect their independence. For further information on the Board's assessment, please refer to "Principle 2: Board Composition and Guidance" in this CG Report.

The listed company directorships and principal commitments of the Directors are disclosed on pages 22 to 27 of this Annual Report. The Manager does not, as a matter of policy, limit the maximum number of listed company board representations its Board members may hold as long as each of the Board members is able to commit his or her time and attention to the affairs of the Group, including attending Board and Board committee meetings and contributing constructively to the management of the Manager and the Group. The Manager

believes that each Director is best placed to decide whether he or she has sufficient capacity to discharge his or her duties and responsibilities as Director in the best interests of the Manager and Unitholders. Taking into account the meeting attendance records of the Directors in FY23/24 as well as the contribution and performance of each individual Director at such meetings, the Board is satisfied that all the Directors have been able to adequately carry out their duties as Director notwithstanding their principal commitments.

In keeping with the principle that a Director must be able to commit his or her time and attention to the affairs of the Group, the Board will generally not approve the appointment of alternate directors. There were no alternate directors appointed in FY23/24.

Board Performance

Principle 5: Formal assessment of the effectiveness of the Board

Our Policy and Practices

The Manager adopts the principle that the Board's performance is ultimately reflected in the performance of the Manager and the Group.

To assess the performance of the Board and the Board committees, the Manager conducts annual confidential board effectiveness surveys. The survey of the effectiveness of the Board, AC and NRC in respect of FY23/24 has been carried out.

To this end, the NRC will assist the Board in the assessment of the effectiveness of the Board, its Board committees, as well as the contribution by the Chairman and each Director, by reviewing the performance evaluation process and making recommendations to the Board. The evaluation results will be reviewed by the NRC and then shared with the Board. As part of the assessment, the criteria include the adequacy of the Board composition, the Board's performance and areas of improvement, the level of strategic guidance to the Management and the overall effectiveness of the Board, as well as each individual Director's attendance. contribution and participation at the Board and Board committee meetings. The Board also believes that performance evaluation is an ongoing process and strives to maintain regular feedback and interactions between the Directors and the Management.

(B) REMUNERATION MATTERS

Procedures for Developing Remuneration Policies

Principle 6: Formal and transparent procedure for fixing the remuneration of Directors and key management personnel

Level and Mix of Remuneration

Principle 7: Appropriate level of remuneration

Disclosure on Remuneration Principle 8: Clear disclosure of remuneration matters

Our Policy and Practices

The Manager adopts the principle that remuneration matters should be sufficiently structured and benchmarked with good market practices to attract qualified talent to grow and manage its business.

The Manager adopts the principle that remuneration for the Board and Management should be viewed in totality. The remuneration structure supports the continuous

development of the management bench strength to ensure robust talent management and succession planning.

Pursuant to the Guidelines to All Holders of a Capital Markets Services Licence for Real Estate Investment Trust Management (Guideline No: SFA04-G07), the Manager has disclosed in this report information on its NRC as set out below.

Additional information on remuneration matters are disclosed in compliance with the requirements of the United Kingdom's Alternative Investment Fund Managers Regulations 2013 (as amended) ("AIFMR").

Nominating and Remuneration Committee

The Manager has an established NRC which consists of a minimum of three members and is constituted in a way that enables it to exercise its judgment and demonstrate its ability to make decisions which are consistent with the current and future financial status of the business.

The current members are: Ms Tan Su Shan, Lead Independent Non-Executive Director and Chairperson of NRC, Mr Kan Shik Lum. Independent Non-Executive Director, Ms Lilian Chiang and Mr Chua Tiow Chye, Non-Executive Director. The current NRC met once during FY23/24 and was guided by an independent remuneration consultant, Willis Tower Watson Consulting (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., who has no relationship with the Manager, the controlling shareholders of the Manager or its related entities and the Board of Directors that would interfere with its ability to provide independent advice to the NRC.

The NRC has written terms of reference setting out its scope and authority in performing the functions of a nominating and remuneration committee, which include assisting the Board in matters relating to:

- reviewing and recommending to the Board all nominations for the appointment and re-appointment of Directors and of members to the various Board committees;
- reviewing and recommending to the Board the succession plan for the Executive Director and CEO of the Manager;
- the remuneration framework for the Directors, the Executive Director and CEO and the Management, including all option plans, stock plans and the like as well as the performance hurdles of such plans;
- the specific remuneration package for the Directors and key management personnel; and
- the termination payment, gratuities, severance payment and other similar payments to the Executive Director and CEO of the Manager.

Decision-making Process for Determining the Remuneration Policy

The NRC is responsible for the annual review of remuneration policy (including termination terms), its implementation and ensuring that such terms of remuneration are fair and in compliance with relevant legislation and regulation. The NRC makes remuneration decisions for employees annually in May following the end of the performance year. This timing allows the full-year financial

results of the Group to be considered along with the other key performance indicators. The NRC developed the Manager's remuneration policy with a number of principles in mind (the "Remuneration Principles"). The NRC is guided by the overarching principle to promote sustainable long-term success of MPACT and to provide assurance that the level and structure of remuneration are aligned with the continued interests and risk management policies of MPACT. The remuneration policy should:

Align with Unitholders:

A proportion of variable remuneration is deferred and delivered in the form of deferred awards over MPACT phantom units, thereby aligning the interests of employees and Unitholders;

- Align with performance and value creation: Total variable compensation is managed and structured taking into consideration the level of performance and value creation attained which is being assessed holistically and determined based on financial performance and achievement of other key performance indicators;
- Encourage retention: Deferred variable compensation does not give rise to any immediate entitlement. Awards normally require the participant to be employed continuously by the Manager until at least the third anniversary of the grant in order to vest in full; and
- Be competitive: Employees receive competitive compensation and benefits packages, which are reviewed

annually and benchmarked by an independent remuneration consultant to the external market.

In determining specific individual compensation amounts, a number of factors are considered including the key performance indicators, financial performance of the Group and the individual performance and contributions to the Group during the financial year. Particularly for Management and key management personnel, a portion of their variable compensation is deferred and subjected to downside risks to prevent excessive risk taking.

Guided by the Remuneration Principles, the key objectives and features of the Manager's policy on the remuneration of its Directors are as follow:

- the level of directors' fees should be appropriate (but not excessive) to attract and retain the Directors to provide good stewardship of the Manager and the Group;
- directors' fees are reviewed annually and subject to the approval of the Manager's shareholder;
- to ensure that each Director's fees are commensurate with his or her responsibilities and time spent, each Director is paid a basic retainer and Directors who perform additional services through the Board committees are paid additional fees for such services;
- Non-Executive Directors who are employees of the Sponsor do not receive any director's fees in their capacity as Directors, and the CEO also does not receive any director's fees in her capacity as a Director; and
- no Director is involved in deciding his or her own remuneration.

The framework for Directors' remuneration during FY23/24 is set out below:

	Fee per annum (S\$)
Board	
Chairman	145,000
Member	65,000
Audit and Risk Committee	
Chairman	50,000
Member	35,000
Nominating and Remuneration Committee	
Chairman	38,500
Member	22,500
	Fee per board meeting (S\$)
Attendance Fee	2,500
Overseas Attendance Fee (up to 4 hours travel)	5,000
Overseas Attendance Fee (up to 8 hours travel)	6,000
Overseas Attendance Fee (more than 8 hours travel)	10,000

Directors' fees are paid entirely in cash.

Guided by the Remuneration Principles, the key objectives and features of the Manager's policy on the remuneration of its executives are as follow:

 the level and structure of executive remuneration should be competitive (but not excessive) to attract, motivate and retain a pool of talented executives for the present and future growth of the Manager; and executive remuneration should be performance-related with a view to promoting the long-term success and sustainability of the Manager and the Group.

The CEO is not present during the discussions relating to her own compensation and terms and conditions of service, and the review of her performance. However, the Board, with the assistance of the NRC, reviews the CEO's performance and the NRC Chairperson, or her designate, will share with the CEO their views of

her performance. In accordance with the directions and guidelines from the MAS on the remuneration of key executive officers of REIT managers, the Board, with the assistance of the NRC, reviews the CEO's specific remuneration package to ensure its compliance with the substance and spirit of such directions and guidelines from the MAS.

The remuneration of the Board and the employees of the Manager is paid by the Manager, and not paid by MPACT.

The Manager has set out in the table below information on the fees paid to the Directors for FY23/24:

Board Members	Membership	Fees Paid for FY23/24 (S\$)
Mr Samuel Tsien	Non-Executive Chairman and Director	182,500
Ms Tan Su Shan	Lead Independent Non-Executive Director and Chairperson of the NRC	116,000
Mr Premod Thomas (retired on 14 June 2024)	Independent Non-Executive Director and Chairman of the AC	127,500
Mr Chua Kim Chiu	Independent Non-Executive Director and Member of the AC	112,500
Mr Lawrence Wong	Independent Non-Executive Director and Member of the AC	112,500
Mr Wu Long Peng	Independent Non-Executive Director and Member of the AC	112,500
Ms Lilian Chiang	Independent Non-Executive Director and Member of the NRC	110,000
Mr Kan Shik Lum	Independent Non-Executive Director and Member of the NRC	100,000
Mr Pascal Lambert	Independent Non-Executive Director	77,500
Mr Mak Keat Meng	Independent Non-Executive Director	77,500
Mr Alvin Tay	Independent Non-Executive Director	77,500
Mr Chua Tiow Chye	Non-Executive Director and Member of the NRC	Nil¹
Ms Wendy Koh	Non-Executive Director	Nil^1
Ms Sharon Lim	Executive Director and CEO	Nil²

Note

- 1 Non-Executive Directors who are employees of the Sponsor do not receive any director's fees in their capacity as Directors or as a member of the NRC.
- ² The CEO does not receive any director's fees in her capacity as a Director.

Link between Pay, Performance and Value Creation

Employee remuneration at the Manager comprises fixed pay, variable incentive, allowances and benefits. All employees receive a salary that reflects their responsibilities and the level of experience and expertise needed to undertake their roles. Allowances and benefits include statutory provident fund contributions and benefits-in-kind to enable employees to undertake their role by ensuring their well-being.

Variable incentive is a material component of total remuneration and comprises Performance Target Bonus ("PTB"), Variable Bonus ("VB") and Long-term Incentive ("LTI") award. The PTB amount is determined based on the achievement of Key Performance Indicators ("KPIs") which are critical to improving people capability, building organisational culture, contributing to the Environment, Social and Governance ("ESG")

factors, as well as managing stakeholders of the Manager, e.g. raising the capability of the employees through increased participation in learning and development, and with specific focus on digitalisation and ESG so as to raise their awareness and improve their general skills and knowledge in these areas, building organisational culture by engaging employees and improving their well-being through regular participation in wellness initiatives, connecting with investors and tenants through regular engagement meetings, and encouraging active contribution to environmental targets such as reducing electricity usage and tree planting. The VB amount is assessed based on the achievement of financial KPIs such as NPI, DPU and occupancy rate which measure the financial and operational metrics essential to the Unitholders. KPIs and their weightages may change from year to year. The LTI award is a form of unit-linked incentive plan

and represents conditional rights to receive a cash sum based on the achievement of MPACT's Total Shareholder Return ("TSR") targets.

To this end, the NRC has reviewed the performance of the Manager for FY23/24 and is satisfied that all KPIs have been achieved

For the Management, a significant proportion of their variable incentive is deferred under the Manager's VB banking mechanism and vesting schedule of LTI award. Deferral of these two components is a key mechanism to building sustainable business performance. Under the VB banking mechanism, only a portion of a VB award declared in the financial year will be paid out while the rest of the VB award will be deferred and paid out in the subsequent years. The deferred VB award will be subjected to downside risks depending on future performance. This ensures alignment between remuneration and sustaining business

performance in the longer term. For the LTI award, it is subject to three to five years vesting schedule. The settlement value of the LTI award is linked to the value of MPACT units at the time of vesting. Clawback provisions are included within the VB and LTI scheme which would give the right to reclaim incentive components from the Management in circumstances such as misconduct or fraud resulting in financial loss to the Group.

Employees of the Manager are eligible to be considered for variable pay each year. Variable pay for all employees takes into account MPACT, the Manager and the individual's performance against agreed financial and non-financial objectives similar to that of the Management. However,

in execution, the PTB and VB are combined to form consolidated variable pay for the employees.

The Manager will continue to be guided by the objective of delivering long-term sustainable returns to Unitholders. The remuneration of the Management will continue to be aligned with the goal of value creation for Unitholders. The performance will be measured over a five-year period, with an interim review at the end of the third year.

All fixed pay, variable incentives and allowances are payable wholly in cash. The current variable incentive is sufficiently aligned with unitholders' long-term interest to pay the CEO fully in cash. All payments are entirely paid by the

Manager and not as an additional expense imposed on MPACT.

To assess an individual's performance, a four-point rating scale is used by the supervisors to provide an overall assessment of an employee's performance, and employees are required to perform a self-evaluation. The overall final rating is reconciled during each employee's performance appraisal. The Manager has ensured that this process has been adhered to.

The remuneration for the CEO in bands of \$\$250,000 and a breakdown of the remuneration of the CEO and the top five key management personnel of the Manager in percentage terms, are provided in the remuneration table below.

Total Remuneration Bands of CEO and Key Management Personnel for FY23/24

	Salary, Allowances and Statutory Contributions	Bonus¹	Long-term Incentives ²	Benefits	Total
Above S\$1,500,000 to S\$1,75	50,000				
Ms Sharon Lim	29%	45%	26%	N.M. ⁴	100%
Other Key Management Per	sonnel				
Ms Janica Tan	47%	36%	17%	N.M. ⁴	100%
Mr Chow Mun Leong	49%	35%	16%	N.M. ⁴	100%
Mr Koh Wee Leong	56%	31%	13%	N.M. ⁴	100%
Ms Charissa Wong ³	61%	30%	9%	N.M. ⁴	100%
Ms Wendy Lee ³	60%	31%	9%	N.M. ⁴	100%

Notes:

- ¹ The amounts disclosed are bonuses declared during the financial year.
- ² The amounts disclosed include the grant of the LTI award. The LTI award is a form of unit-linked incentive plan and represents conditional rights to receive a cash sum based on the achievement of MPACT's TSR targets and fulfillment of vesting period of up to five years.
- ³ Ms Charissa Wong and Ms Wendy Lee are employees of the Property Managers and are deemed key management personnel who have responsibility for the management of VivoCity and Festival Walk respectively, which are material to the performance of MPACT.
- 4 Not meaningful.

The total remuneration for the CEO and the top five key management personnel in FY23/24 was S\$4.9 million.

The Manager is cognisant of the requirements as set out under Provision 8.1 of the Code and the "Notice to All Holders of a Capital Markets Services Licence for Real Estate Investment Trust Management" to disclose: (a) the remuneration of its CEO and each individual Director on a named basis; (b) the remuneration of at least its top five key management personnel (who are neither Directors nor the CEO), on a named basis, in bands of S\$250,000; and (c) in aggregate the total remuneration paid to its top five key management personnel (who are not Directors or the CEO), and in the event of non-disclosure, the Manager is required to provide reasons for such non-disclosure.

The Board had assessed and decided not to disclose (i) the remuneration of the CEO in exact quantum; (ii) the remuneration of at least its top five key management personnel (who are neither Directors nor the CEO), on a named basis, in bands of S\$250,000; and (iii) the aggregate remuneration paid to its top five key management personnel (who are not Directors or the CEO), as the Manager is of the view that remuneration details are commercially sensitive due to the confidential nature of remuneration matters and with keen competition for management staff in the REIT industry, such disclosure may result in talent retention issues. The Board is of the view that despite the deviation from Provision 8.1 of the Code, the Manager has been transparent on remuneration matters in line with the intent of Principle 8 of the Code, as information on the Manager's remuneration policies, level and mix of remuneration, procedure for setting remuneration and the relationships between remuneration, performance and value creation has been disclosed in detail in the preceding paragraphs.

Since the remuneration of the CEO and key management personnel of the Manager are not separately billed to MPACT but instead paid by the Manager, the Manager is also of the view that the interest of the Unitholders would not be prejudiced as the indicative range of the CEO's remuneration, as well as the total remuneration for the CEO and key management personnel of the Manager, have been provided.

There were no employees of the Manager who were substantial shareholder of the Manager, substantial unitholder of MPACT or immediate family members of a Director, the CEO or a substantial shareholder of the Manager or substantial unitholder of MPACT and whose remuneration exceeded \$\$100,000 during FY23/24.

Quantitative Remuneration Disclosure under AIFMR

The Manager is required under the AIFMR to make quantitative disclosures of remuneration. Disclosures are provided in relation to (a) the staff of the Manager; (b) staff who are senior management; and (c) staff who have the ability to materially affect the risk profile of MPACT.

All individuals included in the aggregated figures disclosed are rewarded in line with the Manager's remuneration policies.

The aggregate amount of remuneration awarded by the Manager to its staff in respect of the Manager's financial year ended 31 March 2024 was \$\$12.3 million. This figure comprised fixed pay of \$\$7.2 million, variable pay of \$\$4.6 million and allowances/benefits-in-kind of \$\$0.5 million. There was a total of 50 beneficiaries of the remuneration described above.

In respect of the Manager's financial year ended 31 March 2024, the

aggregate amount of remuneration awarded by the Manager to its senior management (who are also members of staff whose actions have a material impact on the risk profile of MPACT) was \$\$6.5 million, comprising 11 individuals identified having considered, among others, their roles and decision-making powers.

(C) ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Risk Management and Internal Controls

Principle 9: Sound system of risk management and internal controls

The Manager adopts the principle that a sound system of internal controls and risk management is necessary for the Group's business.

The Manager, working with the Sponsor, has established internal control and risk management systems that address key operational, financial, compliance and information technology risks relevant to the Group's business and operating environment. These systems provide reasonable but not absolute assurance on the achievement of their intended internal controls and risk management objectives.

The key elements of the Group's internal control and risk management systems are as follow:

Operating Structure

The Manager has a well-defined operating structure with clear lines of responsibility and delegated authority, as well as reporting mechanisms to Management and the Board. This structure includes Group functions, such as Human Resource, Information Systems & Technology, Internal Audit, Legal and Risk Management, which are outsourced to the Sponsor. The Manager also conducts an annual review of such outsourced

functions to ensure required performance standards are met.

Procedures and Practices

Controls are detailed in formal procedures and manuals. For example, the Board has approved a set of delegations of authority which sets out approval limits for investments and divestments, development, operational and capital expenditures and treasury activities. Approval sub-limits are also provided at various management levels to facilitate operational efficiency as well as provide a system of checks and balances.

The Board's approval is required for material transactions undertaken by the Group, including the following:

- · equity fund-raising;
- acquisition, disposal and development of properties above Board-prescribed limits;
- overall project budget variance and ad hoc development budget above Board-prescribed limits;
- debt fund-raising above Boardprescribed limits; and
- derivative contracts above Boardprescribed limits.

The Group's procedures and practices are regularly reviewed and revised where necessary to enhance controls and efficiency.

The internal audit function, which is outsourced to the Sponsor, reviews the Group's compliance with the control procedures and policies established within the internal controls and risk management systems.

Whistle-blowing Policy

To reinforce a culture of good business ethics and governance, the Manager has a Whistle-blowing Policy to encourage the reporting, in good faith, of any suspected misconduct or wrongdoing, including possible financial irregularities, while protecting the whistle-blowers from reprisals and detrimental or unfair treatment by, among others, ensuring that the identity of the whistle-blower is kept confidential. Any reporting concerning the Group or the Manager is notified to the AC Chairman of the Sponsor as well as the AC Chairman of the Manager for further investigation. The findings will then be reported to the AC of the Manager which is responsible for oversight and monitoring of the Whistle-blowing reports received.

For queries or to make a report, please write to reporting@mapletree.com.sg.

Risk Management

Risk management is an integral part of the Manager's business strategy to deliver regular and steady distributions. To safeguard and create value for Unitholders, the Manager proactively manages risks and embeds risk management process into the planning and decision-making processes.

The Manager's Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") framework is adapted from International Organisation for Standardisation (ISO) 31000 Risk Management and is benchmarked against other relevant best practices and guidelines. It is also reviewed annually to ensure its continued relevance and practicality in identifying, assessing, treating, monitoring, and reporting of key risks. For example, portfolio risk profile, key risk indicators/limits and other significant risk matters (if applicable) are reported to the AC and the Board independently on a quarterly basis.

The risk management system established by the Manager, which encompasses the ERM framework and risk management processes, is dynamic and evolves with the business. The Manager identifies

key risks, assesses their likelihood and impact on MPACT's business and establishes mitigating controls. The information is maintained in a risk register that is reviewed and updated regularly. The Manager, supported by the Sponsor's Risk Management ("RM") department, also conducts Risk and Control Self-Assessment ("RCSA") on an annual basis to ensure that key risks are being effectively managed. The RCSA programme also serves to raise risk awareness and foster risk and control ownership.

The Manager's policies and procedures relating to risk management can be found on pages 129 to 132 of this Annual Report.

Information Technology Controls

As part of the Group's risk management process, information technology (including cybersecurity) controls have been put in place and are periodically reviewed to ensure that information technology risks (including cybersecurity threats) are identified and mitigated. Our IT cybersecurity, governance and control have been strengthened through the alignment of IT policies, processes, and systems. As part of the periodic review, regulatory requirements, such as the MAS Cyber Hygiene Notice and the MAS Technology Risk Management Guidelines (January 2021), are monitored and complied with where applicable.

On an annual basis, the Manager conducts the IT Disaster Recovery ("ITDR") Tests, as well as engages external specialists to perform a Vulnerability and Penetration Test ("VAPT") on the Group's networks, systems and devices. The ITDR ensures that information technology systems remain functional in a system failure, and the VAPT ensures that cybersecurity measures deployed continue to be effective. Extensive training,

including assessment exercises, has been conducted to heighten awareness of IT threats. Measures have also been taken to safeguard against loss of information, data security, and prolonged service disruption of critical IT systems.

Financial Reporting

The Board is updated on a quarterly basis on the Group's financial performance. The Manager reports on significant variances in financial performance, in comparison with budgets and financial performance of corresponding periods in the preceding year and provides an updated full year forecast. In addition, the Board is provided with quarterly updates on key operational activities of the Group.

A management representation letter is provided by the Manager in connection with the preparation of the Group's financial statements to the AC and the Board quarterly. The management representation letter is supported by declarations made individually by the various Heads of Department. Compliance checklists on announcement of financial statements, which are required for submission to the SGX-ST, are reviewed and confirmed by the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") of the Manager.

The Group's financial results are prepared in accordance with the Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) and are reported to Unitholders in accordance with the requirements of the SGX-ST. These results announcements provide analyses of significant variances in financial performance and commentary on the industry's competitive conditions in which the Group operates and any known factors or events that may affect the Group in the next reporting period and the next twelve months.

Detailed disclosure and analysis of the full year financial performance of the Group can be found in the Financial & Capital Management Review section from pages 32 to 37 and the Financial Statements from pages 135 to 222 of this Annual Report.

Financial Management

As a matter of financial and operational discipline, Management reviews on a monthly basis the performance of MPACT's portfolio properties.

The key financial risks which the Group is exposed to include interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. Where appropriate, the Manager procures hedging transactions to be entered into so as to protect the Group against interest rate and foreign exchange rate fluctuations. In addition, the Manager proactively manages liquidity risk by ensuring that sufficient working capital lines and loan facilities are maintained for the Group. The Manager's capital management strategy can be found from pages 32 to 37 of this Annual Report. The Manager also has in place credit control procedures for managing tenant credit risk and monitoring of arrears collection.

Internal Audit

The internal audit function, which is outsourced to the Sponsor's Internal Audit Department (headed by Ms Celina Eng), prepares a risk-based audit plan annually to review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's system of internal controls and this audit plan is approved by the AC before execution. In formulating the annual audit plan, the Internal Audit Department conducts risk assessment of all key operations across the Group's business and aligns its activities to the key strategies, risks and priorities of

the Group over a three-year audit cycle. The Sponsor's Internal Audit Department is also involved during the year in conducting ad hoc audits and reviews that may be requested by the AC or Management on specific areas of concern. In doing so, the Sponsor's Internal Audit Department is able to obtain assurance that business objectives for the internal controls processes under review are being achieved and key control mechanisms are in place.

Upon completion of each review, a formal report detailing the audit findings and the appropriate recommendations is issued to the AC. The Sponsor's Internal Audit Department monitors and reports on a quarterly basis the timely implementation of the action plans to Management and the AC.

External Audit

The external auditor also provides an independent perspective on certain aspects of the internal financial controls system arising from their work and report their findings to the AC on an annual basis. The external auditor is also updated on the findings of the RCSA programme.

Interested Person Transactions

All interested person transactions are undertaken on normal commercial terms and the AC regularly reviews all interested person transactions to ensure compliance with the internal control system as well as with relevant provisions of the Listing Manual and the Property Funds Appendix. In addition, the Trustee has the right to review such transactions to ascertain that the Property Funds Appendix and the Listing Manual have been complied with and to satisfy itself and/or confirm that such transactions are conducted on

normal commercial terms and not prejudicial to the interests of MPACT and the unitholders.

The following procedures are also undertaken:

- transactions (either individually or as part of a series or if aggregated with other transactions involving the same interested person during the same financial year) equal to or exceeding \$\$100,000 in value but below 3.0% of the value of the Group's net tangible assets will be subject to review by the AC at regular intervals;
- transactions (either individually or as part of a series or if aggregated with other transactions involving the same interested person during the same financial year) equal to or exceeding 3.0% but below 5.0% of the value of the Group's net tangible assets will be subject to the review and prior approval of the AC. Such approval shall only be given if the transactions are on normal commercial terms and are consistent with similar types of transactions made by the Trustee with third parties which are unrelated to the Manager; and
- transactions (either individually or as part of a series or if aggregated with other transactions involving the same interested person during the same financial year) equal to or exceeding 5.0% of the value of the Group's net tangible assets will be reviewed and approved prior to such transactions being entered into, on the basis described in the preceding paragraph, by the AC (which may, as it deems fit, request advice on the transaction from independent sources or advisers, including the obtaining

of valuations from independent professional valuers). Further, under the Listing Manual and the Property Funds Appendix, such transactions would have to be approved by the Unitholders at a meeting of the Unitholders.

The interested person transactions undertaken by the Group in FY23/24 are set out from pages 223 to 224 of this Annual Report. For the purpose of the disclosures, the full contract sum is taken as the value of the transaction where the interested person transaction has a fixed term and contract value, while the annual amount incurred and/or accrued is taken as the value of the transaction where an interested person transaction has an indefinite term or where the contract sum is not specified.

Dealing in MPACT units

The Manager has adopted a securities dealing policy for its officers and employees which applies the best practices on dealings in securities set out in the Listing Manual. Under the policy, all Directors are required to disclose their interests in MPACT and are also provided with disclosures of interests by other Directors as well as reminders on trading restrictions.

On trading in MPACT units, the Directors and employees of the Manager and the Sponsor are reminded not to deal in MPACT units on short-term considerations and are prohibited from dealing in MPACT units:

- in the period commencing one month before the public announcement of the Group's annual results;
- in the period commencing two weeks before the public

- announcement of the Group's quarterly and semi-annual results; and
- at any time whilst in possession of price-sensitive information.

Each Director is required to notify the Manager of his or her acquisition of MPACT units or of changes in the number of MPACT units which he or she holds or in which he or she has an interest, within two business days of such acquisition or change of interest. In addition, employees of the Manager and the Sponsor are to give pretrading notifications before any dealing in MPACT units.

Role of the Board and AC

The Board recognises the importance of maintaining a sound internal controls and risk management system to safeguard the assets of the Group and Unitholders' interests, through a framework that enables risks to be assessed and managed.

The AC provides oversight of the financial reporting, accounting policies and the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal controls and risk management systems as well as its compliance processes.

The Board and the AC also take into account the results from the RCSA programme, which requires the various departments to review and report on compliance with key control processes. As part of the RCSA programme, the Sponsor's Risk Management Department validates Management's self-assessment responses on a sampling basis, after which the validated self-assessment results are reported to the AC and the Board.

It should be recognised that all internal controls and risk management systems contain inherent limitations and, accordingly, the internal controls and risk management systems can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance.

The Board has received written assurance from the CEO and the CFO that the Group's financial records have been properly maintained and the Group's financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's operations and finances. It has also received assurance from the CEO and other relevant key management personnel, who have responsibility regarding various aspects of the risk management and internal controls systems, that the systems of risk management and internal controls in place for the Group are adequate and effective to address the risks (including financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks) that the Manager considers relevant and material to the current business environment.

Comment and Opinion on Internal Controls

Based on the internal control and risk management systems established and maintained by the Manager and the Sponsor, the work performed by the Sponsor's Internal Audit and Risk Management Departments as well as by the external auditor, reviews performed by the Management and the above-mentioned assurance from the CEO, the CFO and other key management personnel, the Board is of the opinion that

the Group's internal control and risk management systems, addressing key financial, operational, compliance, information technology and risk management objectives and which the Group considered relevant and material to its operations, were adequate and effective to meet the needs of the Group in its business as at 31 March 2024. However, the Board notes that the system of internal controls and risk management provides reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the Group will not be significantly affected by any event that could be reasonably foreseen as it works to achieve its business objectives. In this regard, the Board notes that no system of internal controls and risk management can provide absolute assurance against the occurrence of material errors, poor judgment in decision-making, human error, losses, fraud or other irregularities. The AC concurs with the Board's comments provided in the foregoing. For the financial year ended 31 March 2024, the Board and the AC have not identified any material weaknesses in the Group's internal control and risk management systems.

Audit and Risk Committee

Principle 10: The Board has an AC which discharges its duties objectively.

Our Policy and Practices

The Board is supported by the AC which provides additional oversight of financial, risks and audit matters, so as to maximise the effectiveness of the Board and foster active participation and contribution.

The Manager adopts the principle that the AC shall have at least three members, all of whom must be non-executive and the majority of whom, including the AC Chairman, must be independent. The Board is of the view that the AC members collectively have recent and relevant expertise or experience in financial management and are appropriately qualified to discharge their responsibilities. The AC Chairman and members also bring with them invaluable recent and relevant managerial and professional expertise in finance, accounting, auditing and related financial management domains.

As at 31 March 2024, the AC consists of four members, all of whom are independent and are appropriately qualified to discharge their responsibilities.¹ They are:

- Mr Premod Thomas, Chairman;
- Mr Chua Kim Chiu, Member;
- Mr Lawrence Wong, Member; and
- Mr Wu Long Peng, Member.

None of the AC members is or has been a partner or director of the incumbent external auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP ("PwC"), within the previous two years, and neither do any of them have any financial interest in PwC.

The AC has written terms of reference setting out its scope and authority, which include:

- examination of interested person transactions:
- review and approval of the scope of internal and external audit plans and activities;

Mr Premod Thomas has retired on 14 June 2024. Mr Wu Long Peng has been appointed as the Chairman of the AC with effect from 15 June 2024 and Mr Mak Keat Meng has been appointed as a Member of the AC with effect from 15 June 2024.

- review of the adequacy, effectiveness, independence, scope and audit findings of internal and external auditors as well as Management's responses to them and the implementation of remedial actions to address such findings;
- evaluation of the nature and extent of non-audit services performed by external auditors. In this regard, for FY23/24, MPACT paid S\$502,503 to PwC for annual audit services for the Group. There was no non-audit services provided by PwC in FY23/24;
- review of the quality and reliability of information prepared for inclusion in financial reports;
- authority to investigate any matters within its terms of reference, full access to and co-operation by Management and full discretion to invite any Director or executive officer to attend its meetings, and reasonable resources to enable it to discharge its functions properly;
- making recommendation to the Board on the appointment and re-appointment of external auditors; and
- approval of the remuneration and terms of engagement of external auditors.

In addition, the AC also:

 reviews significant financial reporting issues and judgements so as to ensure the integrity of the financial statements of MPACT and any formal announcements relating to MPACT's financial performance;

- reviews at least annually the adequacy and effectiveness of MPACT's internal controls and risk management systems;
- reviews the assurance from the CEO and the CFO on the financial records and financial statements;
- meets with the external and internal auditors, without the presence of the Management, at least once a year to review and discuss the financial reporting process, system of internal controls (including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls), significant comments and recommendations;
- reviews and, if required, investigates the matters reported via the whistleblowing mechanism, by which employees may, in confidence, raise concerns about suspected improprieties including financial irregularities. The objective of the whistle-blowing mechanism is to ensure that arrangements are in place for independent investigations of any reported matters and reviews of such investigations, to ensure appropriate follow-up actions are taken; and
- discusses during the AC meetings, any changes to accounting standards and issues which have a direct impact on the financial statements.

In the review of the financial statements, the AC has discussed with the Management the accounting principles that were

applied and their judgment of items that might affect the integrity of the financial statements.

As part of its oversight role over financial reporting, the AC reviewed the financial statements before recommending them to the Board for approval. The process involved discussions with the Management and the external auditor on significant accounting matters. The AC reviewed among other matters, the valuation of investment properties, being the key audit matter identified by the external auditor.

The AC evaluated the valuers' objectivity and competency, reviewed the outputs from the process of valuing the investment properties and had robust discussions with the Management and the professional valuers, focusing on the reasonableness of the methodologies and critical assumptions used in deriving the valuation of the investment properties.

The AC also considered the work performed by the external auditor, including their assessment of the appropriateness of the valuation methodologies and the key assumptions applied in the valuation of investment properties.

The AC is satisfied with the valuation process, methodologies used and valuation of the investment portfolio as adopted and disclosed in the financial statements.

A total of five AC meetings were held in FY23/24.

The Manager, on behalf of the Group, confirms that the Group has complied with Rules 712 and 715 of the Listing Manual in relation to the Group's auditing firm.

Internal Audit

Our Policy and Practices

The Manager adopts the principle that a robust system of internal audits is required to safeguard Unitholders' interests, the Group's assets, and to manage risks.

Apart from the AC, other Board committees may be set up from time to time to address specific issues or risks.

The internal audit function of the Group is outsourced to the Sponsor's Internal Audit Department and the Head of Internal Audit reports directly to the Chairman of the AC of both the Manager and the Sponsor.

The Chairman of the AC is consulted and provides objective feedback to the AC of the Sponsor on the hiring, removal, remuneration and evaluation of the performance of the Head of Internal Audit. The Sponsor's Internal Audit Department (including the Head of Internal Audit) has unfettered access to all of the Group's documents, records, properties and personnel, including access to the AC and has appropriate standing within the Group.

The role of the Sponsor's Internal Audit Department is to conduct internal audit work in consultation with, but independently of, Management. Its annual audit plan and audit findings are submitted to the AC for approval and review

respectively. The AC also meets with the Head of Internal Audit at least once a year without the presence of Management.

The Sponsor's Internal Audit
Department subscribes to, and
is in conformance with, the
International Standards for the
Professional Practice of Internal
Auditing developed by the IIA
(the "IIA Standards") and has
incorporated these standards into
its audit practices.

The IIA Standards cover requirements on:

- independence and objectivity;
- proficiency and due professional care;
- managing the internal audit activity;
- engagement planning;
- performing engagement;
- · communicating results; and
- · monitoring progress.

The Sponsor's Internal Audit
Department employees involved
in information technology audits
are Certified Information System
Auditors and members of the
Information System Audit and
Control Association (the "ISACA")
in the United States. The ISACA
Information System Auditing
Standards provide guidance on the
standards and procedures to apply
in information technology audits.

To ensure that the internal audits are performed by competent professionals, the Sponsor's Internal Audit Department recruits and employs qualified employees. In order that their technical knowledge remains current and relevant, the Sponsor's Internal Audit Department identifies and provides training and development opportunities to the employees.

The Sponsor's Internal Audit Department conducts internal quality assurance reviews annually to ensure that its audit activities conform to the IIA Standards and the Code of Ethics. This is in addition to the external quality assurance reviews ("QAR") conducted every five years under the IIA Standards. The most recent external QAR was completed in 2023 and it was assessed that the Group's internal audit function is in conformance with the IIA standards. The next external QAR will be conducted in 2028.

For FY23/24, the AC is of the opinion that the internal audit function is independent, effective and adequately resourced.

(D) UNITHOLDER RIGHTS AND ENGAGEMENT

Unitholder Rights

Principle 11: Fair and equitable treatment of all Unitholders

Engagement with Unitholders

Principle 12: Regular, effective and fair communication with Unitholders

Our Policy and Practices

The Manager adopts the principle that all Unitholders should be treated fairly and equitably in order to enable them to exercise their ownership rights arising from their unitholdings and have the opportunity to communicate their views on matters affecting MPACT. The Manager provides Unitholders with regular, balanced and understandable assessment of MPACT's performance, position and prospects.

To this end, the Manager issues via SGXNET announcements and press releases on the Group's

latest corporate developments on an immediate basis where required by the Listing Manual. Where immediate disclosure is not practicable, the relevant announcement will be made as soon as possible to ensure that all stakeholders and the public have equal access to the information.

The public can access the electronic copy of the Annual Report via SGXNET as well as MPACT's website, and printed copies of the Annual Report are also available upon request. Under normal circumstances, Unitholders will receive the notices of general meetings and proxy forms with instructions on the appointment of proxies and may also download these documents from MPACT's website. Notices of general meetings are also published in the newspaper and on SGXNET and MPACT's website. The Manager will be conducting the upcoming annual general meeting in-person. Please refer to the notice of the annual general meeting dated 28 June 2024 for further information.

An annual general meeting is held once a year to provide a platform for Unitholders to interact with the Board and Management, in particular the Chairman of the Board, the Chairman of the AC, the CEO and the CFO. The external auditor is also present to address Unitholders' queries about the audit and the financial statements of the Group. A record of the Directors' attendance at the annual general meeting can be found in the record of their attendance of meetings set out on page 108 of this Annual Report.

Provision 11.4 of the Code requires an issuer's constitutive documents to allow for absentia voting at general meetings of Unitholders. The Trust Deed currently does not provide for absentia voting which may be considered by the Manager following careful study to ensure that the integrity of information and authentication of the identity of Unitholders through the web are not compromised and legislative changes are effected to recognise remote voting. The Manager is of the view that despite the deviation from Provision 11.4 of the Code, its current practice remains consistent with Principle 11 of the Code as a whole because Unitholders nevertheless have opportunities to communicate their views on matters affecting the Group even when they are not in attendance at general meetings. For example, in an ordinary meeting setting (i.e. physical meetings), Unitholders may appoint proxies to attend, speak and vote, on their behalf, at general meetings. Unitholders such as nominee companies which provide custodial services for securities are not constrained by the two-proxy limitation and are able to appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at general meetings.

Where a general meeting is convened, all Unitholders are entitled to a proxy form with instructions on the appointment of proxies, instructions on how to access an electronic copy of the circular on SGXNET as well as MPACT's website, and a form to request for a printed copy of the circular. The Manager informs the Unitholders of the rules governing the general meetings; prior to voting at an annual general meeting or any other general meeting, the voting procedures will be made known to the Unitholders to facilitate them in exercising their votes.

To safeguard Unitholders' interests and rights, a separate resolution is proposed for each substantially separate issue at an annual general meeting and any other general meeting. Each resolution proposed at an annual general meeting and any other general meeting will be voted on by way of electronic polling or submission of proxy forms depending on the format of the general meeting. An independent scrutineer is also appointed to validate the vote tabulation and procedures. The Manager will announce the results of the votes cast for and against each resolution and the respective percentages and prepare minutes of such meetings.

The Manager has an Investor Relations Department which works with the Legal and Corporate Secretariat Department of the Sponsor to ensure the Group's compliance with the legal and regulatory requirements applicable to listed REITs, as well as to incorporate best practices in its investor relations programme. To keep the Board abreast of market perception and concerns, the Investor Relations Department provides regular updates on analyst and investor feedback.

The Manager's investor relations policy prioritises proactive engagement, and timely and effective communication with its stakeholders.

The Manager regularly communicates major developments in the Group's businesses and operations to Unitholders, analysts and the media through the issuance of announcements and press releases. In addition, all announcements and press releases are first made on SGXNET and subsequently on MPACT's website.

The Manager also communicates with MPACT's investors on a regular basis through group/ individual meetings with investors, investor conferences and non-deal roadshows. Investor presentation slides used during such conferences and roadshows are also uploaded to SGXNET and MPACT's website to ensure Unitholders are kept upto-date on material information. In addition to the Investor Relations team, the Manager's CEO and CFO, as well as the Co-Heads of Investments & Asset Management, are present at briefings and communication sessions where practicable to answer questions from investors, and analyst briefings are also conducted. Members of the public can subscribe for email alerts to receive the latest updates on the Group and also contact the Investor Relations Department via a dedicated email address. Further details on the Manager's investor relations activities and efforts are found from pages 133 to 134 of this Annual Report.

Minutes of general meetings recording the substantive and relevant comments made and

questions raised by Unitholders are available to Unitholders for their inspection upon request. Minutes of general meetings (which record substantial and relevant comments and queries from Unitholders and the responses from the Board and Management) are also available on MPACT's website at www.mapletreepact.com.

MPACT's distribution policy is to distribute at least 90% of its taxable income, as well as its tax-exempt income (if any). For FY23/24, MPACT made four distributions to Unitholders.

(E) MANAGING STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIP

Engagement with Stakeholders
Principle 13: Balance needs and
interests of various stakeholders

Our Policy and Practices

The Manager adopts the principle that to build confidence among stakeholders, there is a need to balance the needs and interests of various stakeholders, as part of the overall strategy to ensure MPACT's best interests. Aligned

with the Sponsor, the Manager remains committed to sustainability, being environmentally and socially responsible as well as incorporating key principles of corporate governance in MPACT's business strategies and operations.

The Sustainability Report is available for viewing and downloading at MPACT's website at https://www.mapletreepact.com/The-Manager/Sustainability.aspx.

The Sustainability Report describes the Group's approach in identifying its material stakeholders, as well as addressing stakeholders' concerns and methods of engagement. The Sustainability Report also sets out the key areas of focus in relation to the management of stakeholder relationships for the financial year ended 31 March 2024.